

Births for the County of Bexar

Outcomes	Year																					
	1994		1995		1996		1997		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
All Births	22,879	100.0	22,564	100.0	22,869	100.0	22,952	100.0	23,367	100.0	23,597	100.0	24,033	100.0	23,742	100.0	25,023	100.0	24,927	100.0	25,398	100.0
Cesarean Section	5,156	22.5	5,095	22.6	4,857	21.2	4,769	20.8	5,054	21.6	5,388	22.8	5,818	24.2	6,434	27.1	7,193	28.7	7,791	31.3	8,206	32.3
Vaginal Birth after Cesarean	484	19.1	434	17.1	406	17.1	416	17.5	448	17.7	270	11.0	248	9.7	175	6.1	146	4.6	151	4.3	137	3.8
Premature	2,157	9.4	2,081	9.2	2,245	9.8	2,189	9.5	2,277	9.7	2,233	9.5	2,360	9.8	2,266	9.5	2,692	10.8	2,946	11.8	3,505	13.8

footnote **Rates Per 100**

Additional Footnotes

Vaginal births to women with previous cesarean delivery.
Denominator - All Mothers with a previous Cesarean
Premature - less than 37 weeks gestation
CAUTION:For all years prior to 2004 counts and rates are *underestimated, because of rounding.
Denominator - All Births

Source: Texas Birth Data
<http://soupfin.tdh.state.tx.us/birth.htm#HELP4>

*** Note:** For years prior to 2004, there are some differences between the number of premature births reported here, and those supplied by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS). Numbers and rates for premature births are based on calculated length of gestation. In the Texas vital statistics database that is the source for birth data prior to 2004, gestation periods are measured in whole weeks, so that the actual time of gestation is rounded. The result of this rounding is that some of those gestation periods that fall between 36 and 37 weeks are rounded up to 37 and such births are therefore not reflected in prematurity counts. However, since the exact length of the pregnancy is less than 37 weeks, these births would be designated as premature in a system, like that of NCHS, that does not round the data. Counts and rates of prematurity obtained from the Texas vital statistics database are underestimated, compared with NCHS data for years prior to 2004. For this reason trends in prematurity rates that span the 2003 - 2004 time periods may show some discontinuity and should be interpreted with care.